## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF AUDIT

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#### **Chris Gooch**

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

State Committee for School District Audits Members of Leslie County Board of Education Hyden, Kentucky

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Leslie County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the State Committee for School District Audits in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Leslie County School District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note A to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, for the year ended June 30, 2015. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and pension supplemental reporting on pages 4-9 and 43-45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Leslie County School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2015, on our consideration of the Leslie County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Leslie County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Chris Gooch

Certified Public Accountant

Hazard, Kentucky

December 9, 2015

#### LESLIE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT <u>HYDEN, KENTUCKY</u>

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

As management of the Leslie County School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This information should be considered in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The end of year cash balance was \$1,845,070. Of this amount, \$119,159 was deposited in separate activity fund checking accounts. The beginning cash balance, including activity funds, for the District was \$549,766. This balance included \$346,961 in restricted cash and a \$614,039 deficit cash balance in special revenue funds.
- Total federal expenditures as reflected on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards for year ended June 30, 2015 was \$3,412,397 and for June 30, 2014 was \$3,785,056.
- Interest revenue totaled \$9,661 for the current year ended and for the prior year the total interest revenue was \$11.603.
- The District's total long-term debt activity reflects new financing for the acquisition of two new vehicles through the KISTA leasing program totaling \$192,338.
- The District's long-term debt reductions were \$1,328,372 for the fiscal year end.
- For 2015, excluding on-behalf payments of \$3,058,843, total general fund revenue was \$10,922,630 and total general fund expenditures were \$10,532,733.
- Total 2014 general fund revenue was \$10,569,334 exclusive of on behalf state payments totaling \$2,679,675 consisting primarily of state program (SEEK), property, utilities and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding on behalf payments, there was \$11,244,570 in general fund expenditures.

#### LESLIE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT HYDEN, KENTUCKY

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide financial statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

#### **Fund financial statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds include activity funds. Proprietary funds include the school food service, daycare and preschool funds. All other activities are reported under governmental funds.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of June 30, 2015, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$9,757,370.

The greatest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and ongoing construction projects, where applicable), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

#### Net position for the year ended June 30, 2015

Following are comparisons of governmental net position:

	At June 30,	
	<u>2015</u>	2014
Current assets	2,397,889	2,110,230
Noncurrent assets	37,288,210	38,044,865
Deferred outflows of resources	408,862	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	40,094,961	40,155,095
Current liabilities	2,960,997	2,988,881
Noncurrent liabilities	27,034,594	25,263,707
Deferred inflows of resources	342,000	283,173
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	30,337,591	28,535,761
- Net position -		
Net investment in capital assets	12,094,537	11,793,997
Restricted	516,616	393,968
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,853,783)	(568,631)
Total net position	9,757,370	11,619,334
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		
resources and net position	40,094,961	40,155,095

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

The comparison reflects the following:

- Deferred outflows and inflows of resources recognize certain asset and liability accounts related to pension obligations of the District.
- Noncurrent liabilities and net position deficit reflects the recognition of \$ \$3,061,000 in CERS unfunded pension liabilities.

#### **Comments on budget comparisons**

The following table presents a comparison of budget to actual for the general fund:

	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
From local sources			
Taxes	3,091,989	3,151,555	59,566
Earnings on investments	8,000	7,957	(43)
Other local revenue	16,200	30,119	13,919
Intergovernmental - state	7,680,427	10,739,649	3,059,222
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	25,000	52,193	27,193
<u>Total revenues</u>	10,821,616	13,981,473	3,159,857
Expenditures:			
Instructional	5,424,111	7,262,255	(1,838,144)
Student support services	780,261	830,226	(49,965)
Staff support services	510,825	652,834	(142,009)
District administration	331,198	531,164	(199,966)
School administration	697,267	899,478	(202,211)
Business support	129,984	216,875	(86,891)
Plant operation and management	1,518,755	1,720,767	(202,012)
Student transportation	1,211,576	1,332,425	(120,849)
Community service activities	5,788	7,145	(1,357)
Employee benefits	76,203	27,129	49,074
Debt service	112,921	111,278	1,643
Contingency	521,227		521,227
Total expenditures	11,320,116	13,591,576	(2,271,460)
Excess (deficit) of revenue			
over expenditures	(498,500)	389,897	888,397

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

- Actual revenues and expenditures reflect unbudgeted state on-behalf payments for retirement, health and life insurance and technical education in the amount of \$3,058,843.
- General real property tax revenue was \$1,025,429 for the fiscal year ended exclusive of unmined mineral tax revenue of \$1,084,526.

The following table presents a summary comparison of statement of activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	At June 30,		
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Revenues:			
Local revenue sources	4,109,151	3,329,068	
State revenue sources	14,866,409	12,459,746	
Federal revenue	3,430,087	3,959,466	
Total revenues	22,405,647	19,748,280	
Expenses:			
Instruction	10,534,575	9,863,397	
Student support services	1,028,426	1,104,584	
Instructional support	987,257	885,832	
District administration	571,620	584,871	
School administration	964,365	921,644	
Business support	288,419	313,308	
Plant operation and management	2,853,141	2,824,105	
Student transportation	1,722,461	1,704,381	
Community support and other	233,125	306,198	
Food service operations	1,239,826	1,235,852	
Interest on long-term debt	688,193	755,504	
<u>Total expenses</u>	21,111,408	20,499,676	
Change in net position	1,294,239	(751,396)	

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

- 2014 local revenues include an extraordinary item recognizing the KSBIT assessment of \$629,945 in the current reporting period.
- Depreciation expense was \$995,970 for the current year and \$895,460 for the prior year.

#### **BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS**

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The district adopted a budget with \$521,227 in contingency (4.59%).

Results of the current fiscal year and recent historical trends for the District were taken into account when preparing the subsequent year budget. No significant changes in revenue or expense items are foreseeable. The District's tax rates and tax base remain effectively the same. The District has assessed and considered underlying economical and funding factors at the federal, state, and local level and other non-financial areas including demographics, local economy and risk of loss of student population that may have a significant impact on the financial statements when preparing subsequent years budgets.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent or the Finance Officer at (606) 672-2397.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSTION

## At June 30, 2015

- Current assets -			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,427,331	298,580	1,725,911
Accounts receivable:			
Taxes - current	34,188	-	34,188
Taxes - delinquent	23,734	-	23,734
Other	43,235	-	43,235
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	538,043	624	538,667
Prepaid items	-	443	443
Inventories		31,711	31,711
Total current assets	2,066,531	331,358	2,397,889
- Noncurrent assets -			
Bond discounts - net	107,811	-	107,811
Capital assets - non-depreciable	647,757	-	647,757
Capital assets - depreciable (net)	35,043,931	1,488,711	36,532,642
Total noncurrent assets	35,799,499	1,488,711	37,288,210
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows - pension resources	408,862		408,862
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	38,274,892	1,820,069	40,094,961

## STATEMENT OF NET POSTION (Continued)

## At June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Liabilities:	Activities	Activities	<u>10tai</u>
- Current liabilities -			
Accounts payable	312,146	_	312,146
Current portion of KSBIT payable	62,994	_	62,994
Current portion of bond/lease obligations	1,353,310	-	1,353,310
Interest payable	667,506	-	667,506
Unearned revenues governmental sources	565,041	-	565,041
Total current liabilities	2,960,997		2,960,997
- Noncurrent liabilities -			
Long term portion of sick leave payable	341,597	-	341,597
Long term portion of KSBIT payable	566,951	-	566,951
Noncurrent portion of bond/lease obligations	23,065,046	-	23,065,046
Net pension liability	3,061,000	<u> </u>	3,061,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	27,034,594		27,034,594
Total liabilities	29,995,591		29,995,591
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred inflows of resources - pension related	342,000		342,000
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	10,605,826	1,488,711	12,094,537
Restricted for:			
Sick leave	25,765	-	25,765
Other	159,493	331,358	490,851
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,853,783)		(2,853,783)
Total net position	7,937,301	1,820,069	9,757,370
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of			
resources and net position	38,274,892	1,820,069	40,094,961

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Program Revenues		
	_	Charges	Operating	Capital
		for	Grants and	Grants and
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:				
- Governmental activities -				
Instructional	10,534,575	-	(5,479,240)	_
Support services:				
Student	1,028,426	-	(617,460)	-
Instructional staff	987,257	-	(450,379)	_
District administration	571,620	-	(35,997)	_
School administration	964,365	-	(384,439)	_
Business support	288,419	-	(171,382)	_
Plant operation and maintenance	2,853,141	-	(271,832)	_
Student transportation	1,722,461	-	(500,671)	_
Community services operations	231,633	-	(210,395)	-
Other	1,492	-	-	_
Interest on long-term debt	688,193	<u> </u>		
<b>Total governmental activities</b>	19,871,582		(8,121,795)	
- Business-type activities -				
Food service	1,239,826	(148,745)	(1,136,025)	_
1 ood service	1,237,020	(140,743)	(1,130,023)	
Total business-type activities	1,239,826	(148,745)	(1,136,025)	<del>_</del>
Total primary government	21,111,408	(148,745)	(9,257,820)	

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (continued)

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Net (Expense) F	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Business-			
	Governmental	Type		
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	
	(5,055,335)	-	(5,055,335)	
	(410,966)	-	(410,966)	
	(536,878)	-	(536,878)	
	(535,623)	-	(535,623)	
	(579,926)	-	(579,926)	
	(117,037)	-	(117,037)	
	(2,581,309)	-	(2,581,309)	
	(1,221,790)	-	(1,221,790)	
	(21,238)	-	(21,238)	
	(1,492)	-	(1,492)	
	(688,193)		(688,193)	
	(11,749,787)	<del>_</del>	(11,749,787)	
	<del>_</del>	44,944	44,944	
	<del>_</del>	44,944	44,944	
	(11,749,787)	44,944	(11,704,843)	
General revenues:				
Taxes	3,756,329	-	3,756,329	
Investment earnings	7,957	1,704	9,661	
State and formula grants	9,038,676	-	9,038,676	
Miscellaneous	194,416		194,416	
Total general revenues	12,997,378	1,704	12,999,082	
Change in net position	1,247,591	46,648	1,294,239	
Net position - beginning (restated)	6,689,710	1,773,421	8,463,131	
Net position - ending	7,937,301	1,820,069	9,757,370	

## BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## At June 30, 2015

			Other	Total
	General	Special	Gov't	Gov't
	<u>Fund</u>	Revenue	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Assets and resources:				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,301,287	58,411	67,633	1,427,331
Accounts receivable:				
Taxes - current	34,188	-	-	34,188
Taxes - delinquent	23,734	-	-	23,734
Other	42,706	-	529	43,235
Intergovernmental - indirect federal		538,043		538,043
Total assets and resources	1,401,915	596,454	68,162	2,066,531
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	275,715	31,413	5,018	312,146
Unearned revenues governmental sources	<del>_</del>	565,041		565,041
Total liabilities	275,715	596,454	5,018	877,187
Fund balance				
Restricted - sick	25,765	-	-	25,765
Restricted - other	-	-	48,304	48,304
Assigned fund balance	1,009	95,340	14,840	111,189
Unassigned fund balance (deficit)	1,099,426	(95,340)		1,004,086
Total fund balances	1,126,200	<del>-</del>	63,144	1,189,344
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of				
resources and fund balances	1,401,915	596,454	68,162	2,066,531

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### At June 30, 2015

Total fund balances per fund financial statements	1,189,344
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but are reported in the statement	
of net position.	35,691,688
Discounts on bonds are not recognized in fund financial statements	107,811
Deferred outflows on refunded debt and pension resources are	
reported in government wide financial statements but	
not in fund financial statements.	408,862
Long-term sick leave payable is not recognized in the fund	
financial statements.	(341,597)
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable and KSBIT payable are not reported in this fund financial statement because	
they are not due and payable, and related interest, but are presented in	
the statement of net position.	(25,715,807)
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period,	
and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	(3,061,000)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported	
in the fund financial statements.	(342,000)
Net position for governmental activities	7,937,301

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General	Special	Other	Total
	<b>Fund</b>	Revenue	Gov't Funds	Gov't Funds
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Taxes	3,151,555	-	604,774	3,756,329
Earnings on investments	7,957	-	-	7,957
Other local revenue	30,119	79,119	16,971	126,209
Intergovernmental - state	10,739,649	1,035,801	1,421,860	13,197,310
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	52,193	2,463,904		2,516,097
<u>Total revenues</u>	13,981,473	3,578,824	2,043,605	19,603,902
Expenditures:				
Instructional	7,262,255	2,756,286	2,131	10,020,672
Student support services	830,226	129,003	_	959,229
Staff support services	652,834	267,996	_	920,830
District administration	531,164	-	_	531,164
School administration	899,478	_	_	899,478
Business support	216,875	52,020	_	268,895
Plant operations and maintenance	1,720,767	110,694	-	1,831,461
Student transportation	1,332,425	89,794	-	1,422,219
Community service activities	7,145	208,903	_	216,048
Other operating expenditures	-	1,492	_	1,492
Employee benefits	27,129	-	_	27,129
Capital outlay	-	-	243,269	243,269
Debt service:				
Principal	97,655	-	1,148,942	1,246,597
Interest	13,623		696,478	710,101
<u>Total expenditures</u>	13,591,576	3,616,188	2,090,820	19,298,584
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	389,897	(37,364)	(47,215)	305,318
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond proceeds	-	_	192,338	192,338
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	795	-		795
Operating transfers in	282,708	37,364	1,140,813	1,460,885
Operating transfers out	(37,646)	_	(1,355,827)	(1,393,473)
Total other financing sources (uses)	245,857	37,364	(22,676)	68,207
Changes in fund balance	635,754	-	(69,891)	565,863
Fund balance - July 1, 2014 (restated)	490,446		133,035	623,481
Fund balance - June 30, 2015	1,126,200		63,144	1,189,344

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements	565,863
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities differences:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as deprecation expense.	
Captial outlays reported in fund financial statements	315,379
Depreciation recorded in government wide financial statements	(995,970)
Interest expense on long-term debt is recognized in the fund financial	
statements when paid and accrued in the government wide financial	
statements of activities.	28,972
Accrued sick leave is recognized when incurred in the fund financial statements.	40,516
Amortization expense on refunded debt is not recognized in the fund financial statements.	(7,064)
Bond principal payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statements but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,328,372
Bond proceeds are reflected current financial resources in the fund financial statements but are stated as liabililities in the government wide financial statements.	(192,338)
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District pension contributions	1,447,065
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	(1,283,204)
Change in net position of governmental activities	1,247,591

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## At June 30, 2015

	Food Service Fund
Assets:	
- Current assets -	
Cash and cash equivalents	298,580
Accounts receivable:	
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	624
Prepaid items	443
Inventories	31,711
<u>Total current assets</u>	331,358
- Noncurrent assets -	
Capital assets	2,458,793
Less: accumulated depreciation	(970,082)
24001 accumulated depression	(>,0,002)
Total noncurrent assets	1,488,711
Total assets	1,820,069
Liabilities	
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	1,488,711
Restricted - other	331,358
Total net posititon	1,820,069
Total liabilities and net position	1,820,069

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Food service Fund
Operating revenues:	
Lunchroom sales	148,745
State revenue	10,155
On-behalf contributions:	
Kentucky Department of Education	150,675
Commodities	61,205
Federal revenue	913,990
Total operating revenues	1,284,770
Operating expense:	
Salaries and wages	602,845
Contract services	15,279
Materials and supplies	485,290
Depreciation	69,000
<u>Total operating expenses</u>	1,172,414
Operating income (loss)	112,356
Nonoperating revenue/(expense):	
Interest income	1,704
Transfers in (out)	(67,412)
Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)	(65,708)
Change in net position	46,648
Net position, July 1, 2014	1,773,421
Net position, June 30, 2015	1,820,069

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Food Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from:	
Lunchroom sales	148,745
State revenue	10,155
Federal revenue	914,073
Cash paid to/for:	
Employees	(452,170)
Supplies/Contractual	(443,110)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	177,693
Cash flows from capital and related	
financing activities:	
Changes in capital assets	
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest income	1,704
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Indirect costs transfer	(67,412)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	111,985
Cash, beginning of year	186,595
Cash, end of year	298,580
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)	
to net cash provided (used) by operations:	
Operating income (loss)	112,356
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	
cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	69,000
Changes in current assets/liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	83
Prepaid items	(443)
Inventories	(2,454)
Accounts payable	(849)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	177,693

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – ACTIVITY FUNDS

## At June 30, 2015

Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	119,159 4,520
<u>Total assets</u>	123,679
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to individual student activity account funds	890 
Total liabilities	890
Net position: Restricted	122,789
Total liabilities and net position	123,679

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### June 30, 2015

#### NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Leslie County Board of Education (Board), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Leslie County School District (District). The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding sources entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence, operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The Board, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Leslie County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the Board include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment or the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Leslie County School District Finance Corporation</u> – On September 11, 1990, the Leslie County, Kentucky, Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Leslie County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) as an agency of the Board for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Leslie County Board of Education also comprise the Corporations' Board of Directors.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### June 30, 2015

## NOTE A – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Basis of Presentation (continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total position. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Grant Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### June 30, 2015

## NOTE A – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Basis of Presentation (continued)

- I. Governmental Fund Types (continued)
  - (C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
    - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
    - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
    - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund.
    - (C) The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and, for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.
    - (D) The District-wide activity fund accounts for expenditures primarily instructional in nature.
- II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). The School Food Service Fund is a major fund.

III. <u>Fiduciary Fund Types</u> (includes agency and trust funds)

The Activity Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with <u>Uniform Program of</u> Accounting for School Activity Funds.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### June 30, 2015

## NOTE A – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources – A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources. On the accrual basis of accounting, unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding is reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and change in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred inflows.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### June 30, 2015

## NOTE A – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Property Taxes (continued)

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2015, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.565 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.565 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.473 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are expensed as incurred.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### June 30, 2015

## NOTE A – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

Compensated absence liabilities are recorded based on balances for classified and certified employees with twenty-seven or more years of experience at June 30, 2015.

For governmental fund financial statements the portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These balances are recorded in the account "accumulated sick leave payable" in the government-wide financial statements. A reserve for accumulated sick leave at June 30, 2015 reflected a balance of \$25,765.

#### **Budgetary Process**

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Cash and other assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets represent amounts required by State statute to be set aside for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements.

#### Inventories

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### June 30, 2015

## NOTE A – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations (continued)

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### **Net Position**

GASB 63, implemented for the previous fiscal year, has changed the presentation of the District's financial statements to incorporate the concepts of net position, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "investment in capital assets", consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by the creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

#### **Interfund Activity**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

GASB Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections* - 2012; an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012, resolves conflicting accounting and reporting guidance that could diminish consistent financial reporting and enhance the usefulness of financial reports. The District implemented the new requirements for the fiscal year 2013-2014 financial statements.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### June 30, 2015

## NOTE A – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

The District implemented GASB Statement 65 which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify certain assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources provides changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of "deferred" in financial statements presentations.

GASB Statements Nos. 67 and 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement 27 improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decisions-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014 and has been implemented by the District.

#### NOTE B - ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE C – <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>

At year-end, the bank balance of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$2,386,590. Of the total cash balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance and the balance was covered by a collateral agreement and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. Cash equivalents are funds temporarily invested in securities with a maturity of 90 days or less.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

	Bank	Book	
	Balance	Balance	
Hyden Citizens Bank:			
General Operating Account	2,247,942	1,725,418	
Hayes Lewis Elementary	20,913	17,708	
Mountain View Elementary	21,849	20,857	
Leslie County High School	57,327	43,395	
Stinnett Elementary	28,900	28,484	
WB Muncy Elementary	9,475	8,715	
US Bank:			
Construction Account	184	184	
Cash registers - lunchrooms	<del>_</del>	309	
<u>Total</u>	2,386,590	1,845,070	

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE C – CASH AND CASH EOUIVALENTS (continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in event of bank failure the deposits may not be returned or that the District may not recover collateral securities. The District requires deposits to be secured by collateral valued at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance (FDIC). Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The District does not retain any long-term investments. Concentrations of credit risk are the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investments in a single issuer. All of the organization's cash is held primarily at a local financial institution. Some of the primary risks associated with these funds: a major change in interest rates; a default on a security or repurchase agreement held by the fund; proceeds from sales of collateral are less than the agreed-upon purchase price. Foreign currency risk is the risk of changes in exchange rates affecting foreign investments. The District does not hold any foreign investments.

#### NOTE D – LEASE OBLIGATIONS AND BONDED DEBT

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as lease obligations represents the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to the bonds issued by the School District Finance Corporation.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date and interest rates are summarized as follows:

Issue Date	Proceeds	Rates
Revenue Series, September 1996	\$ 240,000	5.00% - 5.375%
KISTA Series 2005	233,280	3.00% - 3.625%
Revenue Series, September 2006	1,520,000	3.75% - 4.000%
Revenue Series, July 2007	8,500,000	3.70% - 4.125%
KISTA Series 2008	236,521	3.00% - 3.750%
Revenue Series, August 2009	1,200,000	1.70 % - 4.20%
KISTA Refunding Series 2009R	283,755	1.00% - 3.30%
Revenue Series, July 2011	2,425,000	1.00% - 4.25%
Revenue Series, December 2011	7,515,000	2.00% - 3.375%
QSCB Series, December 2011	4,036,000	5.00% - 5.00%
KISTA Series 2012	345,780	2.00% - 2.625%
Revenue Series 2012A	1,355,000	1.00% - 3.75%
Revenue Series 2012B	1,830,000	1.00% - 3.00%
KISTA Series 2014	165,607	2.00% - 3.00%
KISTA Series 2015	192,338	1.00% - 2.625%

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE D – LEASE OBLIGATIONS AND BONDED DEBT (continued)

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund and Building Fund) is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Leslie County Fiscal Court and the School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In 1990, the District entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

KISTA Bond Pool Sizing First Series of 2015 were issued totaling \$192,338 during the current fiscal year to acquire two new transportation vehicles for the District. Bond acquisition costs total \$6,923. Total interest over the ten year issue is \$22,145.

Debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures when incurred in governmental funds, government-wide and proprietary fund types financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations for the district, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2015, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Les lie Cour	Leslie County School		ool Facilities	
	Dist	rict	Construction Commission		
Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2015 - 16	743,578	427,530	422,698	239,976	1,833,782
2016 - 17	753,324	410,844	433,889	223,793	1,821,850
2017 - 18	766,717	393,069	437,948	207,254	1,804,988
2018 - 19	763,952	374,717	455,325	190,190	1,784,184
2019 - 20	784,271	354,825	468,617	172,362	1,780,075
2021 - 25	4,064,004	1,451,403	2,498,165	577,502	8,591,074
2026 - 30	4,479,784	804,380	1,555,216	97,997	6,937,377
2031 - 33	2,246,134	97,685	43,866	1,858	2,389,543
<u>Totals</u>	14,601,764	4,314,453	6,315,724	1,710,932	26,942,873

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE D – LEASE OBLIGATIONS AND BONDED DEBT (continued)

Leslie County School District Finance Corporation issued Qualified School Construction Bonds, taxable series dated December 1, 2011 having a par amount of \$4,036,000. Of this amount \$3,985,909 of the proceeds were deposited directly to the construction fund for assistance in new building facilities and renovation for an elementary school. Total bond issue costs were \$10,700. The bond was issued at a discount of \$39,391.

\$100,900 semi-annual interest payments are due every June and December through December 1, 2030. A federal tax credit for the same amount has been granted for each bondholder resulting in a subsidy/federal onbehalf payment for the School District. The action is a result of creation of qualified school construction bonds under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. The Act allows deferral of principal payments for up to 17 years and the creation of an escrow account as noted above. The bonds provide federal tax credits for bondholders in lieu of interest in order to significantly reduce the issuer's cost of borrowing. The A-133 Compliance Supplement acknowledges Qualified School Construction Bonds passed through the U.S. Department of Education are not covered by the single audit requirements and are not required to be included in the Schedule of Federal Awards.

	QSCB Ser	ries 2011	Expected	QSCB Se	eries 2011
	Escrow P	ayment	Escrow	Interest	
	<b>Board</b>	<b>KSFCC</b>	Earnings	<u>Total</u>	Tax Credit
2013	128,595	41,484	4,077	201,800	(201,800)
2014	127,675	42,404	8,254	201,800	(201,800)
2015	127,776	42,303	12,564	201,800	(201,800)
2016	127,863	42,216	16,955	201,800	(201,800)
2017	127,909	42,170	21,452	201,800	(201,800)
2018	127,950	42,129	26,203	201,800	(201,800)
2019	128,013	42,066	30,690	201,800	(201,800)
2020	128,101	41,978	35,504	201,800	(201,800)
2021	131,456	38,623	40,546	201,800	(201,800)
2022	131,455	38,624	45,610	201,800	(201,800)
2023	131,455	38,624	50,796	201,800	(201,800)
2024	131,456	38,623	56,263	201,800	(201,800)
2025	131,456	38,623	61,376	201,800	(201,800)
2026	131,456	38,623	67,123	201,800	(201,800)
2027	131,456	38,623	72,816	201,800	(201,800)
2028	131,456	38,623	78,655	201,800	(201,800)
2029	131,456	38,623	85,109	201,800	(201,800)
2030	128,392	41,687	90,507	201,800	(201,800)
2031	128,654	41,424		(100,900)	(100,900)
Subtotal	2,464,030	767,470	804,500	3,531,500	(3,733,300)
Realized	(384,046)	(126,191)	(24,895)	(605,400)	605,400
Future	2,079,984	641,279	779,605	2,926,100	(3,127,900)
Principal	payment due	12/1/2030	4,036,000		

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### June 30, 2015

### NOTE D – <u>LEASE OBLIGATIONS AND BONDED DEBT</u> (continued)

Following are changes in long-term debt:

	Balance			Balance	Current
	July 1, 2014	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	June 30, 2015	Principal Principal
Revenue Series Sept 1996	55,000	-	20,000	35,000	20,000
KISTA Series 2005	22,322	-	22,322	-	-
Revenue Series Sept 2006	1,110,000	-	70,000	1,040,000	70,000
Revenue Series July 2007	6,760,000	-	375,000	6,385,000	390,000
KISTA Series 2008	95,456	-	24,717	70,739	25,648
Bonds Series 2009	1,050,000	-	45,000	1,005,000	50,000
KISTA Refunding Series 2009R	150,928	-	20,743	130,185	23,137
Revenue Series June 2011	2,220,000	-	80,000	2,140,000	80,000
Revenue Series December 2011	6,910,000	-	305,000	6,605,000	310,000
QSCB Series December 2011	3,695,842	-	194,974	3,500,868	187,034
KISTA Series 2012	269,235	-	32,691	236,544	33,355
Revenue Series April 2012	1,280,000	-	60,000	1,220,000	60,000
Revenue Bonds December 2012	1,770,000	-	60,000	1,710,000	65,000
KISTA Series 2014	165,607	-	17,925	147,682	18,287
KISTA Series 2015		192,338		192,338	20,849
<u>Total</u>	25,554,390	192,338	1,328,372	24,418,356	1,353,310

## NOTE E – $\underline{\text{CAPITAL ASSETS}}$

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2015
Governmental Activities				
Land	647,757	-	-	647,757
Land improvements	300,911	-	-	300,911
Buildings and improvements	33,165,431	-	-	33,165,431
Technology equipment	243,128	7,105	-	250,233
Vehicles	2,887,177	291,619	-	3,178,796
General equipment	120,994	-	17,367	103,627
Construction work in progress	11,451,949	<u> </u>	50,401	11,401,548
Totals at historical cost	48,817,347	298,724	67,768	49,048,303
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land and improvements	290,430	4,260	-	294,690
Buildings and improvements	9,452,485	791,885	-	10,244,370
Technology equipment	206,095	37,151	-	243,246
Vehicles	2,386,870	93,622	-	2,480,492
General equipment	109,188	69,052	84,423	93,817
Total accumulated depreciation	12,445,068	995,970	84,423	13,356,615
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets - Net	36,372,279	(697,246)	16,655	35,691,688

3,469

# LESLIE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# June 30, 2015

### NOTE E – <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (continued)

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows (continued):

	Balance	A 4 45.5	<b>D</b> 1 3	Balance
	July 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2015
Business-Type Activities				
Buildings and improvements	1,996,576	-	-	1,996,576
Food service and equipment	462,217		<u> </u>	462,217
Totals at historical cost	2,458,793			2,458,793
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	649,012	38,882	-	687,894
Food service and equipment	252,070	30,118		282,188
Total accumulated depreciation	901,082	69,000		970,082
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets - Net	1,557,711	(69,000)		1,488,711

Depreciation expense was allocated to governmental and proprietary functions as follows:

# **Governmental functions:**

Instructional

District administration	1,995
Business support services	118
Plant operations and maintenance	829,708
Student transportation	160,680
Total depreciation expense - Governmental functions	995,970
Proprietary functions:	
Food service operations	69,000

# NOTE F – COMMITMENTS UNDER NONCAPITALIZED LEASES

Commitments under operating lease agreements for equipment provide the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2015, as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2016	147,049
2017	95,901
2018	95,901
2019	60,876
2020	
Total	399,727

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

### NOTE G - RETIREMENT PLANS

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System:

### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Pensions* – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from KTRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KTRS. For this purposes, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description – Teaching-certified employees of the Leslie County School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)-a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05\_publications/index.htm">http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05\_publications/index.htm</a>.

Benefits Provided – For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions – Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university members are required to contribute 12.105% of their salaries to the System. University members are required to contribute 9.895% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its members by 2.215%; therefore, university members contribute 7.68% of their salary to KTRS.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

### NOTE G – <u>RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (continued)

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions of the amount 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. University employers contribute 15.36% of salaries for members. For local school district and regional cooperative members whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 15.355% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

#### **Medical Insurance Plan**

Plan Description – In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires KTRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy – In order to fund the post-employment healthcare benefit, six percent (6.00%) of the gross annual payroll of members before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3.00%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and two and one quarter percent (2.25%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

# Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions:

At June 30, 2015, Leslie County School District did not report a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability because the State of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its KTRS proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	he net	
CERS pension liability	\$	3,061,000
Commonwealth's proportional sha	are of the	
KTRS net pension liability associ	ated with the	
District		56,888,839
	\$	59,949,839

The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2014, the District's proportion was .2768% for KTRS.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### June 30, 2015

### NOTE G – <u>RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District's government-wide financial statements reported KTRS pension expense of \$2,787,669 and CERS pension expense of \$245,000. For the year ended June 30, 2015 the District recognized deferred outflows of resources, CERS, \$408,862 and deferred inflows of resources, CERS, \$342,000. The District recognized no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to KTRS.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Significant assumptions used in the KTRS valuation were as follows:

- Investment rate of return 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.
- Projected salary increases 4.00 8.20%, including inflation
- Inflation rate -3.5%
- Municipal bond Index Rate 4.35%
- Single Equivalent Interest Rate 5.23%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with a setback of 1 year for females. The last experience study was performed in 2011 and the next experience study is scheduled to be conducted in 2016.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KRTS' investment consultants is summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	KTRS	Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Retun
U.S. Equity	45.0%	6.4%
Non U.S. Equity	17.0%	6.5%
Fixed Income	24.0%	1.6%
High Yield Bonds	4.0%	3.1%
Real Estate	4.0%	5.8%
Alternatives	4.0%	6.8%
Cash	2.0%	1.5%
	100.0%	

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.23%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the Employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members until the 2036 plan year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments through 2035 and a municipal bond index rate of 4.35% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments after 2035. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### June 30, 2015

### NOTE G – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability

The following table presents the net pension liability –proportionate share, calculated using the discount rate of 5.23%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.23%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.23%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
	(4.23%)	(5.23%)	(6.23%)	
Commonwealth's proportionate share of				
net pension liability	\$71,459,548	\$ 56,888,839	\$44,863,676	

*Pension plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report.

### **County Employees Retirement System**

Plan Description: Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly. The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601or by calling (505) 564-4646 or at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov">https://kyret.ky.gov</a>.

*Benefits Provided* - Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions - Funding for CERS is provided by members who contribute other employees (classified personnel) are covered under the County Employee's Retirement System (CERS), a cost sharing, multiple-employer, public employers retirement system. Funding for the plan is provided through payroll withholdings of 5.00% except for new hires on or after September 1, 2008 with payroll withholding of 6.00% and a district contribution of 17.67% of the employee's total compensation subject to contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2014 the District's proportion of the net pension liability based on contributions to CERS during fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was .0943%.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### June 30, 2015

### NOTE G – <u>RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$245,000. The District reported deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2015 in the amount of \$408,862. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

The District reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments in the amount of \$342,000. This will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year	Total
2016	68,400
2017	68,400
2018	68,400
2019	68,400
2020	68,400
	342,000

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - The total pension liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

- Valuation date, June 30, 2014
- Experience study July 1, 2005 June 30, 2008
- Actuarial Cost method Entry Age Normal
- Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed
- Remaining Amortization Period 30 years
- Asset Valuation method 5-year smoothed market
- Inflation -3.5%
- Salary increase 4.5%, average, including inflation
- Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The rates of morality for the period after service retirement are according to the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006 and the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all other members.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

### NOTE G – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized as follows:

		Long-term
	CERS	Expected
	Target	Nominal
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
U.S. Equity	30.0%	8.5%
Non U.S. Equity	22.0%	8.9%
Emeging Market Equity	5.0%	10.5%
Private Equity	7.0%	11.3%
Core US Fixed Income	10.0%	5.3%
High Yield US Fixed Income	5.0%	7.3%
Non US Fixed Income	5.0%	5.5%
Real Estate	5.0%	7.0%
Commodities	5.0%	7.8%
TIPS (Treasury Inflated Protected Securities)	5.0%	5.0%
Cash	1.0%	3.3%
	100.0%	

Discount Rate – the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 7.75%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Deferred inflows and outflows and Pension expense include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The schedule does not include deferred outflows/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net pension liability is based on the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation for the first year of implementation. As a result, no differences are recognized between expected and actual experience or changes in assumptions subject to amortization. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a five year period.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75% as well as the District's share if calculated using a rate 1% higher and 1% lower:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
Commonwealth's proportionate share of			
net pension liability	\$ 4.028.071	\$ 3.061.000	\$ 2.206.571

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### June 30, 2015

*Pension plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov">https://kyret.ky.gov</a>.

There were no payables to the pension plan at June 30, 2015.

### NOTE H - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

The District was notified Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust dissolved during the past fiscal year. As a result, assessments have been proposed to be passed to local participating Districts based on past premiums or past claims. The District's liability is \$629,945 to be paid in ten installments beginning September 1, 2015. This option calls for financing interest at 3.25%. Management will either fund the liability through its General account or request funds from its SEEK Capital Outlay allotment.

### NOTE I- INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated including worker's compensation insurance.

### NOTE J – LITIGATION

The District is subject to legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate a material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of threatened, pending or ongoing litigation.

### NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Insurance for worker's compensation, errors and omissions, educator's legal liability, property (including vehicles) and general liability is carried through various agencies. Contributions to Workers' Compensation Insurance are based on premium rates established with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims, experience modifications and a group discount amount. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

### NOTE L – <u>DEFICIT OPERATING/FUND BALANCES</u>

The following individual funds had deficit balances at June 30, 2015:

### NONE

The following individual funds had operating expenditures in excess of revenues at June 30, 2015:

Leslie County High School Activity Fund	1,010
Hayes Lewis Activity Fund	1,170
Mountain View Activity Fund	11,954
Stinnett Activity Fund	89

### NOTE M - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

### NOTE N – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year.

<u>From Fund</u> Capital Outlay Fund	To Fund General Fund	Purpose Operating expenditures	Amount 78,583
FSPK Building Fund	General Fund	Operating expenditures	102,633
Constructon fund	General Fund	Operating expenditures	34,080
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Technology match	37,364
Capital Outlay Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt service	77,100
FSPK Building Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt service	1,063,431
Food Service Fund	General Fund	Indirect costs	67,412
General Fund	Building Fund	Construction expenditures	282
			1,460,885

# $NOTE\ O-\underline{INTERFUND\ RECEIVABLES\ AND\ PAYABLES}$

Interfund balances at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

None

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

# NOTE P – ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT DIFFERENCES

The following is a reconciliation of the June 30, 2015, fund balances/retained earnings reported by the Board to the Kentucky Department of Education with that shown in the accompanying fund financial statements:

			Special	District		Food
		General	Revenue	Activity	Construction	Service
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Fund
Fund E	Balance/Net Position					
as	reported to the Department					
	of Education	951,360	(108,149)	14,840	52,793	327,039
Adjus	tment to Fund					
В	alance/Net Position	_				
(1)	To reclassify and adjust cash	56,518	(56,518)	-	-	-
(2)	To adjust accounts receivable	100,628	57,045	-	529	624
(3)	To adjust accounts payable	17,694	(2,451)	-	(5,018)	1,241
(4)	To adjust deferred revenue	-	110,073	-	-	-
(5)	To adjust inventories	-	-	-	-	2,454
(6)	To record net fixed assets		<u>-</u>			1,488,711
Fund I	Balance/Net Position					
pe	er fund financial statements					
	at June 30, 2015	1,126,200		14,840	48,304	1,820,069

# NOTE Q – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System	1,340,604
Health Insurance	1,923,520
Life Insurance	3,456
Administrative Fees	24,079
HRA/Dental/Vision	81,907
Less: Federal Reimbursement	(221,773)
Technology	57,425
Debt Service	704,889
Sub-Total	3,914,107
Allocated to Debt Service Fund	(704,889)
Allocated to Food Service Fund	(150,675)
Allocated to General Fund	3,058,543

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2015

### NOTE R - NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD IMPLEMENTATION

The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This standard clarifies existing governmental fund type definitions and establishes fund balance classifications based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Classifications will include *nonspendable*, examples being prepaid items and inventory, and the following spendable fund balances – *restricted* – fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, *committed* – fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government from its highest level of decision making authority, *assigned* – fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose and *unassigned* – fund balance of the general fund that is not constrained for any particular purpose. The standard affects fund balance reporting only and not affect government-wide or proprietary fund financial statements.

The following schedule reflects governmental fund balances at June 30, 2015:

	General	Other	
Fund Balances	Fund	Funds	Total
Restricted - sick leave	25,765	-	25,765
Restricted - other	-	48,304	48,304
Assigned fund balance	1,009	14,840	15,849
Unassigned fund balance	1,099,426		1,099,426
Total fund balances	1,126,200	63,144	1,189,344

The District's budget by State law must have a minimum 2% contingency. However, a separate contingency reserve fund has not been established. The Statement of Net Position reflects reserves for fixed assets and school food service inventory.

### NOTE S – BEGINNING FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION RESTATED

Beginning fund balance governmental funds and government wide funds reflects a \$1,796 increase, Special Revenue funds to correct closed out program account balances.

The District's net decrease in net position was due to implementation of GASB 68. The total amount recognized represents CERS net pension liability at July 1, 2014, \$3,158,000.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues:	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
From local sources:				
Taxes	2,936,906	3,091,989	3,151,555	59,566
Earnings on investments	9,000	8,000	7,957	(43)
Other local revenue	20,200	16,200	30,119	13,919
Intergovernmental - state	7,636,027	7,680,427	10,739,649	3,059,222
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	25,000	25,000	52,193	27,193
<u>Total revenues</u>	10,627,133	10,821,616	13,981,473	3,159,857
Expenditures:				
Instructional	5,173,793	5,424,111	7,262,255	(1,838,144)
Student support services	748,984	780,261	830,226	(49,965)
Staff support services	515,520	510,825	652,834	(142,009)
District administration	325,333	331,198	531,164	(199,966)
School administration	676,133	697,267	899,478	(202,211)
Business support	129,984	129,984	216,875	(86,891)
Plant operations and maintenance	1,397,785	1,518,755	1,720,767	(202,012)
Student transportation	1,406,934	1,211,576	1,332,425	(120,849)
Community service activities	5,788	5,788	7,145	(1,357)
Employee benefits	50,000	76,203	27,129	49,074
Debt service:				
Principal	97,655	97,655	97,655	-
Interest	15,266	15,266	13,623	1,643
Contingency	250,000	521,227		521,227
<b>Total expenditures</b>	10,793,175	11,320,116	13,591,576	(2,271,460)
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(166,042)	(498,500)	389,897	888,397
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	70,000	70,000	282,708	212,708
Operating transfers out	(33,000)	(33,000)	(37,646)	(4,646)
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	1,500	1,500	795	(705)
Total other financing sources (uses)	38,500	38,500	245,857	207,357
Total other intalieng sources (uses)	30,300	36,300	243,637	201,331
Excess (deficit) of revenue and other financing				
sources over expenditures/other financing uses	(127,542)	(460,000)	635,754	1,095,754
Fund balance - July 1, 2014	127,542	460,000	464,681	4,681
Fund balance - June 30, 2015			1,100,435	1,100,435

Note:

Actual fund balance at July 1, 2014 excludes \$25,765 committed for sick leave.

Actual state revenue and expenditures for the year end includes \$3,058,543 in State on-behalf payments.

See notes to financial statements and Independent Auditor's Report.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Dudgatad Ar	m overta		Variance Favorable
Revenues:	Budgeted Ar Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues from local sources	<u>Original</u>	109,796	79,119	(30,677)
Intergovernmental - state	969,889	1,070,405	1,035,801	(34,604)
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	2,176,361	2,297,278	2,463,904	166,626
-	2,170,301	2,271,270	2, 103,701	100,020
Total revenues	3,146,250	3,477,479	3,578,824	101,345
Expenditures:				
Instructional	2,390,815	2,557,497	2,756,286	(198,789)
Student support services	79,522	79,522	129,003	(49,481)
Staff support services	257,231	257,234	267,996	(10,762)
Business support services	66,000	66,000	52,020	13,980
Plant operations and maintenance	24,641	187,117	110,694	76,423
Student transportation	158,715	172,371	89,794	82,577
Community service activities	202,326	222,778	208,903	13,875
Other		<u> </u>	1,492	(1,492)
Total expenditures	3,179,250	3,542,519	3,616,188	(73,669)
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(33,000)	(65,040)	(37,364)	27,676
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	33,000	64,220	37,364	(26,856)
Operating transfers out	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	33,000	64,220	37,364	(26,856)
Excess (deficit) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures/other financing uses	-	(820)	-	820
Fund balance - July 1, 2014 - restated				
Fund balance - June 30, 2015	-	(820)	_	820

# SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

# **Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability**

	201	.5
	<u>KTRS</u>	<u>CERS</u>
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.2768%	0.0943%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	-	3,061,000
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	56,888,839	-
Employer's covered employee payroll	8,330,224	2,204,566
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	0%	139%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.6%	53.6%
Employer's Contributions		
	201 KTRS	. <u>5</u> CERS
Contractually required contribution	1,738,553	408,862
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,738,553	408,862
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-
District's covered employee payroll	8,330,224	2,204,566
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	20.87%	18.55%
Change of benefit terms - None.		
Changes of assumptions - None.		

See notes to financial statements and Independent Auditors's Report.

# BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

# At June 30, 2015

	District
	Activity Fund
Asset and resources:	
Cash and cash equivalents	14,840
Accounts receivable	
<b>Total Assets</b>	14,840
Liabilities and fund balances:	
- Liabilities -	
Accounts payable	
Total Liabilities	
- Fund balances -	
Restricted - other	14,840
Total fund balances	
Total liabilities and fund balances	14,840

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND $\underline{\text{At June 30, 2015}}$

	District Activity Fund
Revenues:	
From local sources:	
Student activities	16,971
Total revenues	16,971
Expenditures:	
Instruction	2,131
Total expenditures	2,131
Excess (deficit) of revenues	
over expenditures	14,840
Other financing sources (uses):	
Operating transfers in	-
Operating transfers out	
Total other financing sources (uses)	
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	
and other financing uses	14,840
Fund balance, July 1, 2014	
Fund balance, June 30, 2015	14,840

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Building <u>Fund</u>	Construction Fund	Debt Service Funds	Total
Asset and resources:					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	52,793	-	52,793
Accounts receivable			529		529
Total assets and resources			53,322		53,322
Liabilities and fund balances:					
Accounts payable			5,018		5,018
- Fund balances -					
Restricted for future construction			48,304		48,304
Total liabilities and fund balances			53,322		53,322

See Independent Auditor's Report.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND $\underline{\text{CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES}} - \underline{\text{OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}$

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	SEEK	FSPK			
	Capital Outlay	Building	Construction	Debt Service	
Revenues:	Fund	Fund	Fund	<u>Funds</u>	Total
From local sources:					
General real property tax	-	604,774	-	-	604,774
Intergovernmental - State	155,683	561,288		704,889	1,421,860
Total revenues	155,683	1,166,062	<u> </u>	704,889	2,026,634
Expenditures:					
Building improvements/capital outlay	-	-	50,931	192,338	243,269
Bond principal and escrow	-	-	-	1,148,942	1,148,942
Bond interest				696,478	696,478
Total expenditures	-	-	50,931	2,037,758	2,088,689
Excess (deficit) of revenues					
over expenditures	155,683	1,166,062	(50,931)	(1,332,869)	(62,055)
Other financing sources (uses):					
KIST A lease financing	-	-	-	192,338	192,338
Operating transfers in	-	-	282	1,140,531	1,140,813
Operating transfers out	(155,683)	(1,166,064)	(34,080)	-	(1,355,827)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(155,683)	(1,166,064)	(33,798)	1,332,869	(22,676)
Changes in fund balance	-	(2)	(84,729)	-	(84,731)
Fund balance, July 1, 2014		2	133,033		133,035
Fund balance, June 30, 2015			48,304		48,304

See Independent Auditor's Report.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

# LESLIE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

			Excess (Deficit) of	Fund Balance	Fund Balance
Fund Accounts	Revenues	<b>Expenditures</b>	Revenues over Expenditures	July 1, 2014	June 30, 2015
General Fund	11,954	11,720	234	229	463
Textbook	-	1,289	(1,289)	1,289	0
Parking	980	24	956	-	956
Teacher Vending	2,607	2,602	5	787	792
National Honor Society	697	571	126	580	706
Art	46	-	46	-	46
Drama Club	1,100	868	232	635	867
Archery	996	570	426	1,143	1,569
Student Council	70	-	70	-	70
Extracurricular	46,660	45,931	729	3,046	3,775
Emergency Extracur	3,100	699	2,401	4,650	7,051
Academics	2,496	1,464	1,032	359	1,391
Band	5,208	5,378	(170)	428	258
Baseball	3,855	4,705	(850)	2,178	1,328
Boys Basketball	20,404	20,812	(408)	4,368	3,960
Football	14,040	13,299	741	1,664	2,405
Cheerleaders	6,526	6,503	23	249	272
Girls Basketball	12,365	14,167	(1,802)	1,819	17
Softball	940	3,980	(3,040)	6,579	3,539
Track	15,184	14,534	650	1,935	2,585
Volleyball	14,434	13,931	503	2,225	2,728
Cross Country	1,696	2,048	(352)	1,649	1,297
Senior Class	54,671	55,435	(764)	764	-
Junior Class	5,020	5,205	(185)	3,260	3,075
Freshman Class	-	24	(24)	635	611
Journalism	9,177	7,674	1,503	422	1,925
Project Sober	1,000	2,803	(1,803)	3,512	1,709
<u>Sub-total</u>	235,226	236,236	(1,010)	44,405	43,395
Less: Interfund transfers	11,575	11,575	<u>-</u> _	<del>_</del>	
<u>Total</u>	223,651	224,661	(1,010)	44,405	43,395

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, $\underline{\text{EXPENDITURES}}$ AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

# OTHER SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	Hayes	Mountain		W.B.	Total	
	Lewis	Lewis View		Muncy	(Memorandum	
	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Only)	
REVENUES: Activity funds	36,567	106,554	119,885	35,659	298,665	
EXPENDITURES: Activity funds	37,737	118,508	119,974	34,783	311,002	
Excess or (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,170)	(11,954)	(89)	876	(12,337)	
Fund Balance July 1, 2014	18,878	36,440	28,574	7,839	91,731	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2015	17,708	24,486	28,485	8,715	79,394	

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantors <u>Number</u>	Program Award <u>Amount</u>	Program <u>Expenditures</u>
U. S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through State Department of Education:				
- Child Nutrition Cluster -				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	776005	N/A	250,989
School Lunch Program	10.555	775002	N/A	656,843
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024	N/A	573
	10.559	7740023	N/A	5,584
				6,157
Passed through State Department of Agriculture:				
School Lunch Program Commodities (non-cash assistance)	10.555	066-0100	N/A	52,167
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				966,156
Passed through State Department of Education:				
Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	7720012	N/A	61,205
True and regeneral regions	10.002	,,20012	11/11	
Passed through Leslie County Fiscal Court				
Schools and Roads Grant to States	10.665	505X	N/A	43,323
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				1,070,684
U. S. Department of Education				
Passed through State Department of Education:				
- Title I Cluster				
	84.010	3104	909,061	63,864
	84.010	3104M	9,500	3,814
	84.010	310A	864,623	774,566
	84.010	320AE	188,878	106,719
	84.010	3204E	188,878	654
Total Title I Cluster				949,617

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantors <u>Number</u>	Program Award Amount	Program <u>Expenditures</u>
-Special Education Cluster -				
IDEA - B Basic	84.027	3374	427,909	335,979
	84.027	337A	435,631	43,216
Special Education - Preschool	84.173	343A	19,908	19,908
Total - Special Education Cluster				399,103
Rural/Low Income School Program	84.358	350A	37,101	34,563
	84.358	3504	32,128	4,425
				38,988
Gear Up	84.334A	3794G	270,755	66,971
	84.334A	379AG	270,755	134,978
				201,949
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	401A	207,598	207,598
Title IV - Elementary School Counseling Program	84.215E	5322	597,742	119,732
School Improvement Grant ARRA	84.388A	5600B	499,874	391
	84388a	5600C	645,068	39,980
				40,371
- Direct -				
21rst Century Learning Centers	84.287A	5503	150,000	60,615
	84.287A	5504	150,000	107,871
	84.287A	5504T	112,500	86,682
	84.287A	5503M	5,000	5,000
	84.287A	5503U	5,000	4,631
	84.287A	5504U	10,000	8,484
	84.287A	5503X	75,000	60,793
	84.287A	5504X	75,000	25,439
	84.287A	5503J	1,000	1,000
	84.287A	5503Z	27,000	23,840
				384,355
Total Department of Education				2,341,713
Total Federal Awards Expended				3,412,397

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED)

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

### NOTE A

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Leslie County School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *OMB Circular A-133*, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### **NOTE B**

Non-monetary assistance, CFDA# 10.555, \$52,167, is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the food donations disbursed.

See Independent Auditor's Report.

### **Chris Gooch**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

State Committee for School District Audits Members of Leslie County Board of Education Hyden, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the State Committee for School District Audits in the Kentucky Public School Districts Audit Contract Requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Leslie County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Leslie County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2015.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Leslie County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Leslie County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Leslie County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Leslie County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Leslie County School District, in a separate letter dated December 9, 2015 In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of material noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements – State Compliance Requirements.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Chris Gooch

Certified Public Accountant

Hazard, Kentucky

December 9, 2015

### **Chris Gooch**

Certified Public Accountant P.O. Box 1536 Hazard, Kentucky 41702 (606) 436-5700 FAX:(606) 436-5701 chrisgooch@chrisgoochcpa.com

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

State Committee for School District Audits Members of Leslie County Board of Education Hyden, Kentucky

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Leslie County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Leslie County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Leslie County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Leslie County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and the audit requirements prescribed by the State Committee for School District Audits in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract Requirements. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Leslie County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Leslie County School District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Leslie County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of Leslie County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Leslie County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Leslie County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Chris Gooch
Certified Public Accountant

Hazard, Kentucky

December 9, 2015

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

### - FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -

### 2014-1:

Condition: The following conditions were noted based on the activity fund audit at WB

Muncy Elementary:

a. The annual financial report was not completed.

b. The 2013-14 budget was not prepared.

c. Fundraising reports were not prepared, where applicable.

d. No evidence inventory control forms prepared.

e. No evidence expense reimbursement reports prepared.

Criteria: District personnel involved in school activity accounting should be

knowledgeable as to documentation requirements for applicable transactions regarding its individual funds. Adequate segregation of duties and monitoring of transactions should be maintained so that instances of missing or unavailable

documentation may be readily discovered.

Cause: Transactions were conducted without applicable supporting schedules and other

documentation. Monitoring was ineffective.

Effect: The risk of fraud or misappropriation of activity funds is greater when

transactions are not supported by sufficient documentation as required.

Recommendation: The District should ensure continuing education regarding activity fund

accounting procedures for applicable personnel. The District should ensure and document adequate segregation of duties and monitoring for activity fund

transactions.

District The District has provided training. District management will ensure

Response: the activity fund has adequate segregation of duties, evidence of monitoring and

evidence of supporting documentation for its transactions.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

### - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS -

- 1. We have issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No material weaknesses were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements or were significant deficiencies not identified as material weaknesses disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No material noncompliance was disclosed in our audit of the financial statements.
- 4. No material weakness or significant deficiency not identified as a material weakness was disclosed by the audit in internal control over major programs.
- 5. We have issued an unmodified opinion on compliance for major programs.
- 6. The audit did not disclose any audit findings which we are required to report under Section .510(a) of A-133.
- 7. Leslie County School District had the following major programs:
  - U. S. Department of Education
  - Passed through State Department of Education -

Title I

CFDA number 84.010

- Special Education Cluster -

**IDEA-B** Basic

CFDA numbers 84.027

IDEA-B Preschool

CFDA number 84.173

- 21rst Century Learning Center Grant -

CFDA number 84.287A

# U.S. Department of Agriculture

- Passed through State Departments of Education and Agriculture -
  - Child Nutrition Cluster -

School Lunch and Breakfast Program, Summer Food Service Program for Children

CFDA numbers 10.553, 10.555 and 10.559

- 8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The auditee did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

-	FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -
	None

- FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS -

None

### **Chris Gooch**

Certified Public Accountant P.O. Box 1536 Hazard, Kentucky 41702 (606) 436-5700 FAX:(606) 436-5701 chrisgooch@chrisgoochcpa.com

Leslie County Board of Education Hyden, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Leslie County School District for the year ended June 30, 2015, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operation efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarized our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. A separate report dated December 9, 2015, contains our report on the District's internal control structure. This letter does not affect our report dated December 9, 2015 on the financial statements of the Leslie County School District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Respectfully,

Chris Gooch Certified Public Accountant

Hazard, Kentucky

December 9, 2015

### MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

### **Prior Year Comments**

- 1. District personnel should assure updated personnel information is on file, i.e., withholding allowances, current addresses.
- Management has implemented systems assuring updated personnel information is on file.
- 2. District management should periodically reconcile its balance sheet liability accounts to underlying tax documents, regulatory reporting forms and payroll subsidiary ledgers.
- Management has implemented procedures allowing for reconciliation of other liability account balances.

### **Current Year Comments**

- 1. Management should be cognizant of accounting and reporting requirements relating to activity fund expenditures designated as instructional in nature.
- 2. Management should review travel policies regarding gratuities and time limitation for reimbursing travel related expenses to assure District wide consistency.